Totals, for Canada, of Power Installed in the Manufacturing Industries, 1921-29, with Details by Provinces and Groups of Industries for 1929.

Note.—Total power equipment employed (Col. 8) is the sum of total primary power (Col. 4) and electric motors operated by purchased power (Col. 5). In the case of the groups of industries, since this purchased power is all generated by central electric stations, there is no duplication in the figures for each group of total power equipment employed (Col. 8). There would be duplication, however, by the amount of purchased power (Col. 5) in totals for Canada and each of the provinces. These totals are therefore omitted. The net growth in the power developed in Canada is shown in Col. 4 for the years 1921 to 1929.

	Primary Power.				Electric Motors.			
Province and Group.	Steam Engines and Turbines.	Internal Com- bustion Engines.	Hydraulic Turbines and Water Wheels.	Power.	Operated by Pur- chased Power.	Operated by Power Gener- ated by Establish ments.	Total Electric Motors.	Total Power Equip- ment Employ- ed,
	Col. 1.	Col. 2.	Col. 3.	Col. 4.	Col. 5.	Col. 6,	Col. 7.	Col. 8.
Totals, 1921	h.p. 764,725	h.p. 53,567	h.p. 2,318,865	h.p. 3,137,157	h.p	h.p	h.p. 1,014,216	h.p.
Totals, 1922	833,756	87,022	2,691,484	3,611,862	-	-	1,162,649	
Totals, 1923	827,870	64,020	2,869,738	3,761,628	958,692	357,136	1,315,828	
Totals, 1924	944,267	72,491	3,283,146	4,299,904	1,256,183	398,001	1,654,184	
Totals, 1925	992,916	77,435	4,012,756	5,083,107	1,547,754	434,675	1,982,432	
Totals, 1926	1,018,535	78,554	4,218,013	5,310,1 0 2	1,770,334	392,322	2,162,656	
Totals, 1927	1,038,931	79,752	4,562,607	5,681,291	1,824,687	386,555	2,311,242	
Totals, 1928	1,053,307	83,864	5,102,784	6,239,955	2,139,129	457,565	2,596,694	
Totals, 1929	1,115,782	91,529	5,364,427	6,571,738	2,393,684	740,854	3,134,538	
Province, 1929.								
P.E. Island Nova Scotia. New Brunswick. Quebec. Ontario. Manitoba. Saskatchewan. Alberta. British Columbia.	4,205 118,764 71,969 209,954 324,030 45,861 74,630 96,904 169,415	3,938 3,700 8,060	56,516 98,617 2,481,780 1,849,275 310,958 51,544	7, 425 179, 218 174, 286 2, 699, 794 2, 211, 092 360, 190 91, 118 154, 749 693, 866	31,567 35,159 992,845 997,525 99,859 14,863 30,416	44,028 9,865 118,807 470,487 697 128 5,066	935 75,595 45,024 1,111,652 1,468,012 100,556 14,991 35,482 282,291	:
GROUP OF INDUSTRIES, 1929. Vegetable products Animal products Textiles Wood and paper Iron and its products	57,804 24,203 26,198 439,978	12,876 5,597 1,203 15,385 21,006	1,728 33,280 483,781	110,591, 31,528 60,681 939,144	69,740 107,933 1,083,695	3,098 28,601 313,398	240,213 72,838 136,584 1,397,093 685,185	101,268 168,614 2,022,839
Non-ferrous metals Non-metallic min-	19,726	250	69,585	89,561	262, 191	24,910	287,101	351,752
erals Chemicals	30,736 17,540		4,025 8,320	38,379 26,195			185,948 64,472	
Miscellaneous in- dustries	7,630	384	91	8,105	65,154	-	65,154	73,259
Central electric stations	347,641	30,875	4,718,927	5,097,443	-	-	-	5,097,443

Fuel.—The fuel used in industrial establishments in 1929 included 7,062,234 tons of bituminous coal, valued at \$39,315,723, constituting 61 p.c. of the total fuel cost. The other chief fuels in order of value were: fuel oil comprising 13.6 p.c., gas (principally natural gas) 9.7 p.c., wood 4.2 p.c., coke 3.7 p.c. and anthracite coal 3.1 p.c. Out of a fuel account of over \$64,000,000, Ontario expended \$31,000,000 or 48.7 p.c. of the total. The manufacturing concerns of Quebec expended \$17,600,000, those of British Columbia \$4,000,000 and those of Nova Scotia nearly \$3,200,000.